Biodiversity Challenge Fund – NatureScot Awards

Organisation	Project	Project summary	Awarded	Awarded	Awarded
			19/20 (£)	20/21 (£)	21/22 (£)
Tweed Forum	Tweed Invasives Project	To tackle the problem of INNS along the Scottish	36,872	57,978	
		sections of the river Tweed and its Scottish tributaries:			
		 Controlling INNS through spot spraying with 			
		herbicide through a combination of seasonal			
		project officers, specialist contractors and trained			
		volunteers.			
		Re-establishment of native flora and fauna in areas			
		where invasive plants have been removed from the			
		riverside and associated wetland and woodland			
		habitat.			
		Rust fungus control of Himalayan balsam.			
		Biosecurity measures to ensure no new species			
		enter the catchment and rapid response protocols.			
Royal Botanic	Edinburgh Shoreline – The	To restore habitats along 27km of Edinburgh's	99,969	49,823	
Garden Edinburgh	Wild Line	shoreline by:			
		removal of invasive plant species currently			
		affecting seabird habitat and population resilience			
		across the Forth estuary,			
		applying proof-of-concept research in biodiverse			
		coastal infrastructure to achieve industry-scale			
		implementation on sea defences at eight locations,			
		- creating an extensive, habitat-rich, coastal park.	00.454		
Edinburgh and	Little France Park	To restore and improve the biodiversity value of Little	92,151	55,637	
Lothians		France Park in Edinburgh by enhancing the quality of			
Greenspace Trust		existing habitats (hedges, scrub), reinstating degraded			
		habitats (grassland) and creating a network of new,			

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		high-value habitats targeted at butterflies (northern			
		brown argus, common blue, small copper), thus			
		creating a key link in a green corridor from Edinburgh			
		city centre to Midlothian.			
The Froglife Trust	Come Forth for Wildlife	To improve the biodiversity of 12 sites in Falkirk for the	100,070	59,940	
		benefit of amphibians and reptiles through the			
		creation of ponds and scrapes, restoration of wetland			
		areas and improvement of terrestrial habitats			
		including creation of wildflower meadows.			
		To enhance habitat connectivity in 4 neighbourhoods			
		in Falkirk through community-led creation and			
		restoration of ponds, and creation of wildlife features			
		such as hibernacula, in urban greenspaces.			
Borders Forest	Restoring Montane Scrub	The restoration of 50ha of montane scrub at	51,490	16,880	
Trust	and Bearberry in the	Corehead, Carrifran Wildwood and Talla and			
	Wildheart of Southern	Gameshope in the central Southern Uplands of			
	Scotland	Scotland. And, the pioneering restoration of the			
		upland heath dwarf shrub Bearberry Arctostaphylos			
		uva-ursi to the Carrifran Wildwood, which forms part			
		of the Moffat Hill SSSI and SAC.			
Trees for Life	Carn na Caorach Montane	The purpose of this grant is to make provision for an	46,052	390	
	Woodland Enclosure	enclosure to allow woodland generation and to plant			
		14ha of native woodlands. The aim is to use			
		volunteers to bring trees on in the nursery and plant			
		them in the enclosure to complete the woodland cover			
		(approximately a further 250 ha) over the following 10			
		years.			

Dee District Salmon Fishery Board	Dee Riparian Habitat Project	To implement practical measures to create, restore and enhance riparian habitats throughout the catchment of the River Dee to include native tree planting, introduction of wooded structures and enhancement of wooded buffer strips.	50,047	106,868	
Kyle of Sutherland Fisheries Trust	Partnership working to enhance three key freshwater pearl mussel populations in the north, south and west of Scotland	To improve c 14.8km of riparian and 2.9km of instream habitat to support freshwater pearl mussels and salmonids at three sites in Scotland.	105,709	14,973	
Buglife Scotland	Central Scotland B-lines	The purpose of the 'Central Scotland B-Lines' project is to create a network for nature by increasing the area of wildflower-rich grasslands and restoring habitat connectivity within East Dunbartonshire, South Lanarkshire, Falkirk and Edinburgh.	58,746	98,501	
Scottish Canals	Greening Pinkston Basin	Establishment of wetland refuge habitat within the Pinkston basin area using a Floating Wetland system and involving the planting of over 3,600 native aquatic plants to form an aquatic and terrestrial habitat suitable for fish, insects, amphibians, birds and mammals.	100,300	29,700	
Glasgow City Council (on behalf of the Seven Lochs Partnership)	Seven Lochs and Cumbernauld SpRiNT (Species Rich Networks Team)	To deliver 21 habitat creation and enhancement projects in parks, amenity greenspaces and green corridors across the Seven Lochs and Cumbernauld Living Landscape project areas – focusing on increasing species richness (especially pollinator species, and at Seven Lochs also water vole), and bringing sites into positive conservation management.	47,100	33,100	

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RSPB Scotland	Curlews in Crisis Scotland	The purpose of the grant is to work in partnership within specific areas of Caithness and Ayrshire to increase suitable breeding habitat for curlew through targeted management and to conduct studies of success against control sites. The project will advocate curlew friendly proposals that could be applied elsewhere.	90,626	66,055	
St Andrews Botanic	St Andrews Green	To develop, enhance and link two key habitat corridors	60,502	101,281	
Garden	Corridors	across the town of St Andrews in Fife in order to reduce habitat loss, establish and implement a sustainable management plan for invasive species and reduce ecological fragmentation of the space resulting from years of development and lack of management for biodiversity.	,	,	
National Trust For	Invasive non-native	Invasive non-native plant control at Balmacara,	26,255	56,745	
Scotland	species (INNS) control in North West Scotland	Corrieshalloch, Torridon and Inverewe.	·	·	
Royal Society for the Protection of Birds	Fetlar Red-Necked Phalarope Habitat Management	To undertake management works to restore and significantly improve two key breeding sites for the rare red necked phalarope at the Mires of Funzie and Loch of Stivla and install three data loggers.	136,973	1,801	
Cairngorms National Park Authority	Cairngorms Nature Action Plan	Action for Aspen – fencing and stock removal to allow natural regeneration of aspen suckers, planting up 3ha. of aspen to improve connectivity between existing sites. Male or female trees will be added to single sex stands to increase reproduction and genetic diversity. Rare Invertebrates in the Cairngorms - making the area more favourable for pine hoverfly and other pollinator species by captive rearing of pine hoverfly for release,	21,204	24,851	

		creation of stumps for larval development and providing young rowan with protective tubing.			
Angus Council	River South Esk Catchment – 2020 Source to Sea Challenge	To undertake various works and associated monitoring on and around the River South Esk in Angus – montane enclosure for woolly willow, riparian planting of native broad leaved trees, riverbank restoration and	53,603	111,091	
		introduction of large woody debris and de-culverting and wetland creation on the Den Burn in Brechin.			
RSPB Scotland	East Scotland Corn Bunting Project	The purpose of this grant is to provide advice to land managers to benefit at-risk farmland birds particularly corn bunting, within eastern Scotland. The grant supports staff costs to provide the advice and also ensure delivery of the specific land management targets defined in the application.	19,632	51,732	
Dee Catchment Partnership	Easter Beltie Restoration Project	To establish a new area of river corridor and floodplain through the creation of a new meandering channel, connected to its floodplain and re-connected to the downstream river corridor, enriched by riparian native tree planting, woodland and open wet ground.	4,791	185,205	
ScotFWAG	The Birds and Bees Project	The purpose of the grant is to allow ScotFWAG to facilitate the restoration and expansion of extensively managed species-diverse grassland to help reconnect farmland habitats. This will be achieved through their use of their suite of Farmland advisors throughout Scotland working in partnership with 55-60 farmers to create up to 0.5ha of habitat on each farm.	107,199	41,912	

Forestry and Land	Improving conditions	To remove impediments to fish movement on three	44,500	125,500	
Scotland (FLS)	around protected areas to	key tributaries of the River Borgie SAC, and increase			
	increase connectivity	broadleaf riparian woodland on the River Oykel SAC			
	around and within	and tributaries of the River Evelix and River Borgie			
	freshwater pearl mussel	SAC.			
	SACs				
Tweed Forum	Upper Yarrow Landscape	To restore a previously straightened part of the Little		102,791	
	Initiative	Yarrow tributary of the River Tweed, creating a			
		natural, meandering river channel, within a 12 ha			
		floodplain, restored to a mosaic of natural wetlands			
		and native woodland.			
RSPB Scotland	Enhance, Create and	The purpose of this grant is to create approximately		94,027	
	Pollinate - creating	91ha of pollinator friendly habitat in various locations			
	pollinator friendly habitats	across Scotland.			
	across Scotland				
Galloway Fisheries	Water of Luce and Tarf	To undertake a range of in stream works, riparian		91,853	
Trust	Water headwaters climate	planting and planting of willow stakes at the			
	resilience fish project	headwaters of the River Luce and upper Tarf Water			
		tributary to improve instream habitats, reduce erosion			
		and sediment washout and increase resilience to the			
		impacts of climate change.			
Woodland Trust	Loch Arkaig – Glen Mallie	Fell-to-recycle all non-native trees across 88ha at Glen		96,300	
Scotland	Forest Edge Restoration	Mallie, Loch Arkaig to enable the recovery of the			
		native woodland habitat, through creating space for			
		regeneration and reducing the shade and persistent			
		litter created by non-native conifers.			

Scottish Wildlife	Protecting and enhancing	The purpose of the project is to deliver tangible	106,395	13,042
Trust	species rich grassland	biodiversity benefits to species-rich grassland and		
		other priority habitats through appropriate		
		management techniques. This will be achieved		
		through purchase of materials and improvements to		
		infrastructure to allow more effective site		
		management.		
Spey Fishery Board	Re-wooding the River	Establish up to 20ha of riparian woodland along 3.5 km	191,121	
for the Spey	Calder	of the River Calder, an upland tributary of the Spey		
Catchment		(SAC), by installing deer fencing to remove grazing		
Initiative		pressure, planting with native tree species and		
		encouraging natural regeneration.		
Cairngorms	Cairngorms Wetlands	To deliver key wetland habitat and species	54,575	
National Park	_	conservation actions from the Cairngorms Nature		
Authority (CNPA)		Action Programme, particularly: improving breeding		
		and foraging habitats of red and amber listed waders,		
		mammals and invertebrates and restoring Freshwater		
		Pearl Mussel populations within the River Spey		
		catchment trialling host fish encystment.		
Trees for Life	West Affric Montane	Extend three existing native woodland exclosures by a	125,538	
	Woodland Habitat	total of 61 hectares on the NTS West Affric estate to		
	Expansion	secure the seed sources they have generated, plant		
		15ha with appropriate, native, montane tree species at		
		a density of 500 per ha to increase the seed source for		
		montane species and improve montane woodland		
		habitat connectivity.		
Dee District Salmon	Garbh Allt & Upper Muick	To restore and enhance instream and riparian habitats	92,600	
Fishery Board	River Restoration Project	along two sub-catchments of the River Dee through		

		removal of artificial embankments, reconnection of		
		backwater channels and reintroduction of woody		
		structures to create habitat for a range of aquatic		
		species and reduce flooding impact.		
Loch Lomond	The Endrick Legacy Project	Undertake control measures for Japanese knotweed,	98,180	
Fisheries Trust		giant hogweed and American skunk cabbage,		
		American mink and American signal crayfish in the		
		Endrick catchment.		
		Undertake a number of small scale riparian tree		
		planting schemes in key spawning / juvenile habitat		
		areas.		
		Improve access for migratory fish to spawning habitat		
		through improving/replacing water gates, unblocking		
		streams and removing other man-made restrictions.		
RSPB Scotland	Clyde Valley Waders -	The RSPB led project in partnership with 17	80,522	9,419
	Enhancing Landscapes in	Landowners and SAC Consulting Solutions will give		
	South West Scotland	direct action to improve habitat and species		
		management and improve the survival rates of upland		
		waders as well as study these successes to allow		
		promotion of better practice. The project will result in		
		increased connectivity between breeding sites in the		
		landscape scale in the area around Crawfordjohn.		
Woodland Trust	Eisg Brachaidh Biodiversity	To restore the health of 2,000ha of various habitats in	198,341	
Scotland	Restoration Project	SSSI/SAC on Eisg Brachaidh estate through reducing		
		the deer grazing pressure and some supplementary		
		planting. This involves erecting a 17.1km fence,		
		installing a cattle grid and undertaking deer control.		

Loch Lomond and	Inversnaid Invasive Non-	The initial treatment principally of invasive		41,522	69,468
the Trossachs	native Plant Species	Rhododendron as well as small populations of			
National Park	Control Project	Japanese knotweed and American skunk cabbage			
Authority		around Inversnaid on east Loch Lomond. As part of this			
		the Park will train volunteers in the safe use of			
		herbicides and will purchase appropriate equipment,			
		PPE and herbicide.			
RSPB Scotland (on	Inner Forth Futures	Wetlands at five sites around the Forth will be		119,415	
behalf of Inner	Wetland Habitat Network	improved with new habitats created, degraded			
Forth Futures		habitats improved, hydrology and saline lagoons			
Partnership)		managed, and invasive species removed.			
Forth Rivers Trust	Revive the Allan	To undertake an initial phase of the Revive the Allan		194,062	
		project that will enhance the riparian corridor			
		between Milton of Panholes and Deaf Knowe,			
		reconnecting the floodplain to the river using a pre-			
		railway channel, creating new wetlands and			
		undertaking green banking in support of natural flood			
		management solutions.			
North Isles	North Isles Habitat	Grant offer not yet finalised			
Landscape	Management and				
Partnership	Restoration Project				
		TOTAL AWARDED	1,353,791	2,977,205	91,929